2013 Tampa Bay Water Quality Assessment

A Tampa Bay Estuary Program Initiative to Maintain and Restore the Bay's Seagrass Resources



For additional info visit: www.tbeptech.org

Original Reference:

Janicki, A., D. Wade, & R.J. Pribble. 2000. Developing & Establishing a Process to Track the Status of Chlorophyll-a Concentrations and Light Attenuation to Support Seagrass Restoration Goals in Tampa Bay. Tampa Bay Estuary Program Technical Report # 04-00.

Historic Results:

Year	Old TB	Hills. Bay	Middle TB	Lower TB
1978	Red	Red	Red	Yellow
1979	Red	Red	Red	Red
1980	Red	Red	Red	Red
1981	Red	Red	Red	Red
1982	Red	Red	Red	Red
1983	Red	Yellow	Red	Red
1984	Red	Green	Red	Yellow
1985	Red	Red	Red	Yellow
1986	Red	Yellow	Red	Green
1987	Red	Yellow	Red	Green
1988	Yellow	Green	Yellow	Green
1989	Red	Yellow	Red	Yellow
1990	Red	Green	Red	Yellow
1991	Green	Yellow	Yellow	Yellow
1992	Yellow	Green	Yellow	Yellow
1993	Yellow	Green	Yellow	Yellow
1994	Yellow	Yellow	Red	Red
1995	Red	Yellow	Red	Yellow
1996	Yellow	Green	Yellow	Green
1997	Yellow	Green	Red	Yellow
1998	Red	Red	Red	Red
1999	Yellow	Green	Yellow	Yellow
2000	Green	Green	Yellow	Yellow
2001	Yellow	Green	Yellow	Yellow
2002	Yellow	Green	Green	Green
2003	Red	Yellow	Green	Yellow
2004	Red	Green	Green	Yellow
2005	Green	Green	Yellow	Yellow
2006	Green	Green	Green	Green
				Green
2007	Green	Green	Green	Gieen
2007 2008	Green Yellow	Green Green	Green	Yellow
2008	Yellow	Green	Green	Yellow
2008 2009	Yellow Yellow	Green Yellow	Green Green	Yellow Green
2008 2009 2010	Yellow Yellow Green	Green Yellow Green	Green Green	Yellow Green Green



Continuing water quality provided by the EPCHC.

Consulting support provided by Janicki Environmental, Inc.

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Background

Light availability to seagrass is the guiding paradigm for TBEP's Nitrogen Management Strategy. Because excessive nitrogen loads to the bay generally lead to increased algae blooms (higher chlorophyll-a levels) (Figure 1) and reduce light penetration to seagrass, an evaluation method was developed to assess whether load reduction strategies are achieving desired water quality results (i.e. reduced chlorophyll-a concentrations and increased water clarity).



Figure 1: Guiding paradigm for Tampa Bay seagrass restoration through the management of nitrogen loads.

Decision Support Approach

Year to year algae abundance (measured as chlorophyll-a concentrations) and visible light penetration through the water column (depth of secchi disk visibility) have been identified as critical water quality indicators in Tampa Bay. Tracking the attainment of bay segment specific targets for these indicators provides the framework from which bay management actions are developed & initiated. TBEP management actions adopted in response to the annuallyassessed decision support results are as follows:

)	Green	Report data via annual progress reports and Baywide Environmental Monitoring Report.
	Yellow	"Caution Alert." Review monitoring data and nitrogen loading estimates. Begin/continue TAC and Management Board development of specific management recommendations.
)		"On Alert." Finalize development and implement

appropriate management actions to get back on track.

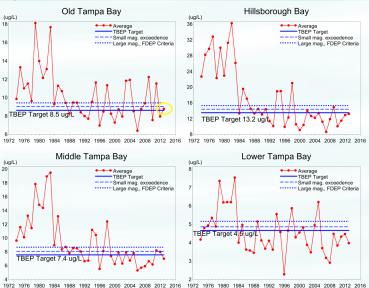
"Stay the Course." Continue planned projects.

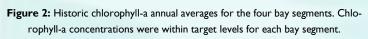
2013 Decision Matrix Results

Bay water quality continues to improve in 2013. For the Observed water quality indicators & management outcomes second year in a row, all bay segments received a "Green" management status. Old Tampa Bay's average 2013 chlorophyll-a concentration was above the management target, but fell below the small magnitude exceedence level (yellow oval, Figure 2). Individual station exceedences were observed around the periphery of the upper bay segments (Figure 3). The nuisance algae, Pyrodinium bahamense, was reported in OTB during 2013; however, blooms did not appear to reach sufficient levels to affect annual water quality conditions in this bay segment.

for 2013. *Less than small magnitude exceedence.

Bay Seg- ment	Chlorophyll-a (ug/L)		Effective Light Penetration (m ⁻¹)		Manage- ment Re-
	2013	Target	2013	Target	sponse
ОТВ	8.7*	8.5	0.57	0.83	Green
НВ	12.9	13.2	0.99	1.58	Green
МТВ	6.8	7.4	0.57	0.83	Green
LTB	3.9	4.6	0.45	0.63	Green





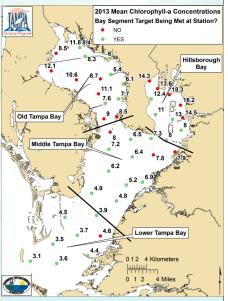


Figure 3: Map depicting individual station chlorophyll-a annual exceedences in Tampa Bay.

Progress Towards Meeting Regulatory Goals

Maintaining Reasonable Assurance & TMDL Compliance

An initiative of the Tampa Bay Nitrogen Management Consortium (NMC)

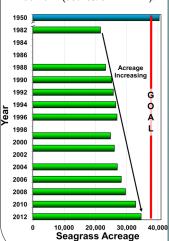
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Low. Old TB Bay Yes 1979 1980 1981 No No 1982 No No 1983 1984 Yes Yes Yes Yes 1985 No 1986 Yes Yes Yes No Yes Yes Yes Yes 1990 Yes 1991 Yes 1992 1993 Yes Yes 1994 1995 Yes Yes Yes 1996 Yes 1997 Yes Yes 1998 1999 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 2002 2003 2004 Yes 2005 Yes 2006 Yes 2007 Yes Yes 2008 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 2009 Yes Yes 2010 Yes Yes Yes

FDEP Criteria Met:

Figure 4: Historic seagrass acreage estimates for Tampa Bay from 1950-2012 (Source: SWFWMD).

2013



In April 2013, the FDEP approved the 2012 Reasonable Assurance Update and concluded that there has been reasonable progress towards the attainment of designated uses for waterbody segments in the Tampa Bay basin that were previously identified as impaired for nutrients (chlorophyll-a) pursuant to Chapters 62-303, FAC. As such, the FDEP placed Hillsborough Bay segments (WBIDs 1558D & 1558E) and Old Tampa Bay Segments (WBIDs 1558H & 1558I) in EPA assessment category 4b for nutrients (chlorophyll-a) rather than EPA category 5 (impaired). Furthermore, two Lower Tampa Bay segments (WBIDs 1558A & 1558BZ) were moved to EPA category 2 (attains standards) because these WBIDs now attain chlorophyll-a thresholds and the general increase in baywide seagrass coverage demonstrates a healthy biological community (Fig. 4).

The TBEP, in partnership with the Tampa Bay Nitrogen Management Consortium, will submit the second compliance assessment report for the 2012-16 Reasonable Assurance (RA) Period to the FDEP in March 2013. Consortium participants continue to input load reduction projects into the Action Plan Database which was ported to an online, web-based reporting system (Figure 5). Planned and budgeted projects for the 2012-

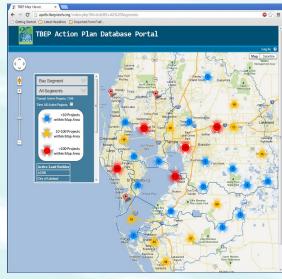
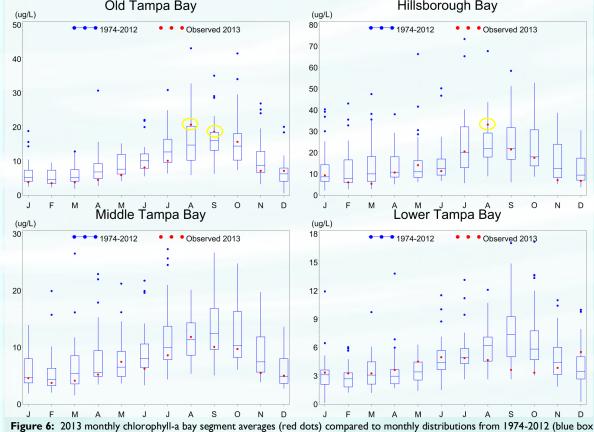


Figure 5: Screenshot of the online Tampa Bay Action Plan Database (http://apdb.tbeptech.org) showing the approximate spatial locations of projects implemented in the watershed.

16 Reasonable Assurance Implementation period are expected to reduce TN loading by about 77 tons/yr in the future .

2013 Chl-a Monthly Variation Compared to 1974-2012

Chlorophyll-a concentrations were evaluated within the bay on a monthly basis (Figure 6) during 2013 and compared to prior years' levels. Concentrations were, for the most part, within the historic monthly ranges. Slightly elevated level were observed in Old Tampa Bay and Hillsborough Bay in August 2013, and only in Old Tampa Bay the following month in September 2013 (highlighted by the yellow ovals below).



plots). Boxes encompass the 25th and 75th percentiles, while whiskers bound the interquartile range. Blue dots represent outliers.